



"YASHIL IQTISODIYOT
VA TARAQQIYOT"

IV GLOBAL VA MILLIY IQTISODIYOT TRENDLARI:
"O'ZBEKISTON – 2030" STRATEGIYASI

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2030
UZBEKISTAN
STRATEGY

CONFERENCE "GLOBAL
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"O'ZBEKISTON – 2030" STRATEGIYASI

GLOBAL AND NATIONAL ECONOMIC
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ГЛОБАЛЬНЫЕ И НАЦИОНАЛЬНЫЕ
ЭКОНОМИЧЕСКИЕ ТЕНДЕНЦИИ:
СТРАТЕГИЯ «УЗБЕКИСТАН –2030»

FORUM

YASHIL IQTISODIYOT VA TARAQQIYOT

2025

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MAXSUS SON

- MACROECONOMIC STABILITY
- LABOR MARKET IN THE GREEN ECONOMY
- GLOBAL ECONOMY AND INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC RELATIONS
- GREEN INVESTMENT AND FINANCING
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(MAXSUS SON)

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UZBEKISTAN AT THE CROSSROADS OF HISTORY AND GREEN INNOVATION: FROM THE GREAT SILK ROAD TO A SUSTAINABLE FUTURE

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Abstract: The article analyzes Uzbekistan's unique position at the crossroads of history and modern green innovation, linking its legacy as a hub of the Great Silk Road with its aspirations for a sustainable future. It explores how the country's historical role in trade, cultural exchange, and technological advancement provides a foundation for contemporary efforts in renewable energy, sustainable agriculture, and eco-friendly infrastructure. Special attention is given to national policies, international cooperation, and investment in green technologies that align with global sustainable development goals. The study highlights Uzbekistan's potential to become a regional leader in green innovation while preserving its cultural heritage and historical identity.

Key words: Great Silk Road; sustainable development; green innovation; renewable energy; eco-friendly infrastructure; sustainable agriculture; cultural heritage; international cooperation; future sustainability.

Annotatsiya: Maqolada O'zbekistonning tarix va zamonaviy "yashil" innovatsiyalar chorrahasidagi o'ziga xos mavqei tahlil qilinadi. Unda mamlakatning Buyuk Ipak yo'li markazi sifatidagi merosi bilan barqaror kelajak sari intilishlari o'rtasidagi bog'liqlik yoritiladi. Savdo, madaniy almashinuv va texnologik yutuqlardagi tarixiy rol zamonaviy qayta tiklanuvchi energetika, barqaror qishloq xo'jaligi hamda ekologik infratuzilma sohalaridagi tashabbuslarning poydevorini yaratib bergani ta'kidlanadi. Xususan, milliy siyosat, xalqaro hamkorlik va global barqaror rivojlanish maqsadlariga mos keluvchi "yashil" texnologiyalarga investitsiyalarga alohida e'tibor qaratilgan. Tadqiqot O'zbekistonning o'z madaniy merosi va tarixiy o'zligini asrab qolgan holda mintaqada "yashil" innovatsiyalar yetakchisiga aylanish salohiyatini ochib beradi.

Kalit so'zlar: Buyuk Ipak yo'li; barqaror rivojlanish; yashil innovatsiyalar; qayta tiklanuvchi energetika; ekologik infratuzilma; barqaror qishloq xo'jaligi; madaniy meros; xalqaro hamkorlik; kelajak barqarorligi.

Аннотация: В статье рассматривается уникальное положение Узбекистана на пересечении истории и современных зелёных инноваций, связывая его наследие как центра Великого Шёлкового пути с устремлениями к устойчивому будущему. Анализируется, каким образом историческая роль страны в торговле, культурном обмене и технологическом прогрессе создаёт основу для современных инициатив в области возобновляемой энергетики, устойчивого сельского хозяйства и экологически чистой инфраструктуры. Особое внимание уделено национальной политике, международному сотрудничеству и инвестициям в «зелёные» технологии, которые согласуются с глобальными целями устойчивого развития. В исследовании подчёркивается потенциал Узбекистана стать региональным лидером в области зелёных инноваций при сохранении культурного наследия и исторической идентичности.

Ключевые слова: Великий Шёлковый путь; устойчивое развитие; зелёные инновации; возобновляемая энергия; экологически чистая инфраструктура; устойчивое сельское хозяйство; культурное наследие; международное сотрудничество; устойчивое будущее.

INTRODUCTION

Uzbekistan, a country steeped in a rich historical tapestry, sits at the confluence of tradition and modernity, poised to leverage its strategic position as a leader in green innovation. Historically renowned as a pivotal point

along the Great Silk Road, Uzbekistan facilitated trade and cultural exchange across continents, thereby shaping the economies and societies of its time. Today, the legacy of this vibrant past is being repurposed to address contemporary challenges through sustainable practices and innovations. As the country embraces a future focused on ecological resilience, it aims to transform its natural resources and historical expertise into models of sustainability, potentially influencing broader regional dynamics. The visual representation of the Silk Roads legacy illustrates not only the historical significance but also serves as an enduring reminder of Uzbekistan's potential role in a sustainable future, inspired by its past. Through this lens, the upcoming sections will explore the intricate interplay between heritage and green innovation in Uzbekistan's developmental trajectory.

Uzbekistan occupies a pivotal position in the historical narrative of the Great Silk Road, functioning as a vibrant nexus of trade, culture, and innovation. This ancient route facilitated the exchange of goods—including silk, spices, and precious metals—while also serving as a conduit for cultural and technological transmissions across continents. Cities like Samarkand and Bukhara flourished under the Silk Roads influence, becoming centers of learning, architecture, and diplomacy, and reflecting a rich tapestry of multicultural interactions, including Persian, Chinese, and Greco-Roman influences. The significance of Uzbekistan is further underscored by its contribution to agricultural advancements, prominently displayed in the cultivation of crops like the Damask rose, which historically played a role in trade and cultural rituals (HASSANI LMI et al., 2025). In today's context, Uzbekistan's historical legacy along the Great Silk Road offers valuable lessons on sustainable practices that can inform future innovations in the green economy, emphasizing the importance of integrating tradition with modernity.

LITERATURE REVIEW

In contemporary discourse on sustainable development, green innovation has emerged as a fundamental pillar, particularly for nations transitioning towards environmentally conscious practices. Uzbekistan, poised at a historical crossroads, leverages its legacy along the Great Silk Road to embrace sustainable methodologies that align with global ecological frameworks. Recent studies underscore the importance of integrating technological advances within tourism and agriculture to enhance economic diversification and reduce ecological footprints, as seen in the adoption of eco-centric tourism initiatives (Pratt et al., 2025). Additionally, the cultivation of sustainable crops, such as *Rosa damascena*, signifies a convergence of traditional practices with modern demands for eco-friendly products (HASSANI LMI et al., 2025). This dual approach not only preserves cultural heritage but also stimulates economic growth within a global market increasingly focused on sustainability.

METHODOLOGY

The historical landscape of Uzbekistan is profoundly characterized by its position along the Great Silk Road, a crucial network that facilitated trade, cultural exchange, and economic interactions between the East and West. This ancient route not only connected major civilizations but also served as a conduit for the dissemination of ideas and technologies, influencing regional development significantly. The Silk Roads legacy continues to inspire contemporary initiatives, such as China's Belt and Road Initiative, which seeks to revive these historical trade routes for modern economic benefit (Michele B et al., 2025). In addition, the cultural significance of products like the Damask rose can be traced back to this era, with its cultivation reflecting the interconnectedness of societies (HASSANI LMI et al., 2025). As Uzbekistan navigates its path toward sustainable innovation, its rich historical context serves as a foundation for understanding current geopolitical dynamics and environmental strategies (BERLOTO et al., 2025)(Lo et al., 2025). Consequently, the nation stands at a critical intersection of its historical legacy and future aspirations.

Uzbekistan's pivotal role in the Great Silk Road trade network reflects its historical significance as a cultural and economic hub where East met West. This ancient network facilitated not only the exchange of goods such as silk and spices but also the dissemination of ideas, religions, and technologies among diverse civilizations, illustrating Uzbekistan's function as a facilitator of cultural interactions. Major cities like Samarkand and Bukhara flourished as trade centers, characterized by their vibrant markets and educational institutions, which attracted merchants and scholars alike. The legacy of the Silk Road continues to inform contemporary initiatives, such as China's Belt and Road Initiative, that aim to restore connectivity and economic collaboration across Eurasia (Michele B et al., 2025). Furthermore, Uzbekistan's commitment to fostering cooperation among Central Asian countries echoes historic practices of regional integration, thereby enhancing its geopolitical relevance today (Ashiraliev et al., 2025). The transformative power of this historical trade network ultimately underscores Uzbekistan's ongoing journey at the crossroads of history and innovation.

Table 1. Uzbekistan's Role in the Great Silk Road Trade Network¹

Trade Goods	Export Value (2022)	Major Export Destinations
Gold	\$5.18 billion	Switzerland (25.4%), Russia (15.4%), China (11.7%), Turkey (9.39%), Kazakhstan (7.43%)
Non-Retail Pure Cotton Yarn	\$1.39 billion	Switzerland (25.4%), Russia (15.4%), China (11.7%), Turkey (9.39%), Kazakhstan (7.43%)
Petroleum Gas	\$934 million	Switzerland (25.4%), Russia (15.4%), China (11.7%), Turkey (9.39%), Kazakhstan (7.43%)
Refined Copper	\$596 million	Switzerland (25.4%), Russia (15.4%), China (11.7%), Turkey (9.39%), Kazakhstan (7.43%)
Silver	\$339 million	Switzerland (25.4%), Russia (15.4%), China (11.7%), Turkey (9.39%), Kazakhstan (7.43%)

The historical trade routes, particularly the Great Silk Road, have left a profound cultural and economic legacy on modern Uzbekistan. This intricate network facilitated not only the exchange of goods like silk and spices but also the transfer of knowledge, art, and religion between East and West, shaping the cultural mosaic of the region. In contemporary Uzbekistan, the revival of these routes through initiatives like the Belt and Road Initiative has reinvigorated economic ties and fostered cultural diplomacy, highlighting Uzbekistan's strategic position at the crossroads of global trade (Apostolopoulou et al., 2025). Investments in infrastructure are reminiscent of the past, emphasizing how historical networks are being leveraged to promote sustainable development today. Moreover, educational and cultural exchanges have strengthened regional identities, which are evident in Uzbekistan's urban transformations, as seen in the modernization of Tashkent. This unique intersection of history and innovation continues to pave the way for a sustainable future.

RESULTS

As Uzbekistan navigates contemporary environmental challenges, a pressing concern is the degradation of its natural resources, particularly water supply stemming from the Aral Sea crisis. This catastrophic loss has not only disrupted local ecosystems but also severely impacted agricultural productivity, demonstrating the intersection of environmental degradation and economic stability. Current agricultural practices must transition toward sustainable methods that respect ecological limits while maintaining productivity (Lo et al., 2025). Furthermore, the integration of innovative technologies, such as those derived from assessments of seasonal pastoral resources, is crucial in fostering resilience against climate change and resource scarcity (Chedid et al., 2025). This shift aligns with Uzbekistan's broader vision for sustainability inspired by historical trade routes that once thrived on cooperation and shared resources (Ashiraliev et al., 2025). Addressing these challenges necessitates collaboration with regional partners, encapsulated within the ongoing dialogues related to the Digital Silk Road and sustainable development initiatives.

Water scarcity in Uzbekistan poses significant challenges for both agriculture and industry, given the regions heavy reliance on irrigated agriculture and its historical context of inefficient water management practices. As the country transitions towards sustainable practices, the implications of water shortages are multifaceted, affecting crop yields, food security, and economic stability. For instance, the degradation of irrigation systems exacerbates water losses and reduces agricultural productivity, leading to diminished household incomes and threatening food sovereignty (Chedid et al., 2025). Furthermore, industry sectors that depend on water-intensive processes face increasing operational costs and resource competition, necessitating innovative approaches to water conservation and management (Mor Bón et al., 2025). As Uzbekistan seeks to revive its historical significance as a trade hub along the Great Silk Road, the integration of green technologies and sustainable practices becomes essential for balancing economic growth with environmental preservation (Mor Bón et al., 2025)(Kabylova et al., 2025). Addressing water scarcity is thus critical for fostering a resilient agricultural and industrial landscape in the wake of historical challenges.

¹ Developed by the author

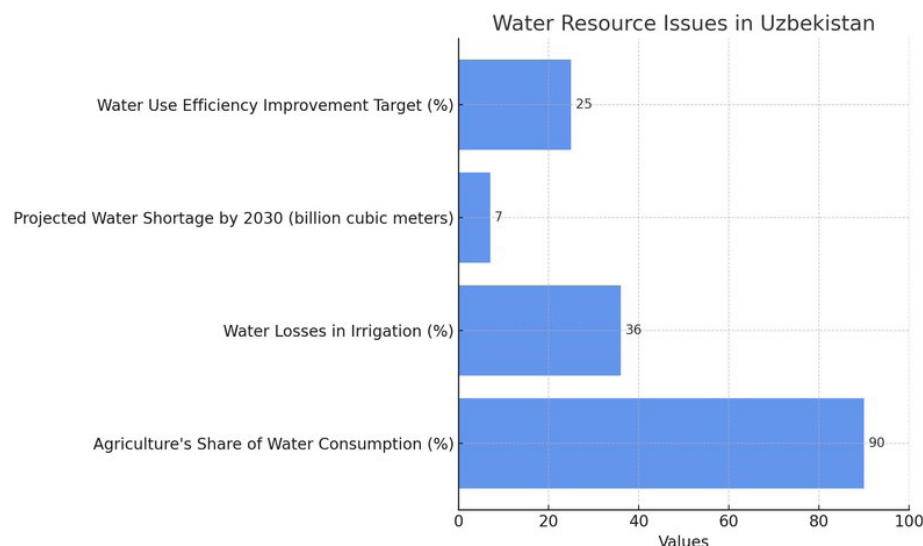


Figure 1 This bar chart illustrates critical water resource issues in Uzbekistan. It shows that agriculture consumes a significant 90% of water resources, with 36% lost in irrigation. The projected water shortage by 2030 is 7 billion cubic meters, while there is a target of a 25% improvement in water use efficiency over the next five years.²

Climate change poses a significant threat to Uzbekistan's natural resources and biodiversity, exacerbating existing environmental challenges and necessitating comprehensive adaptive strategies. As rising temperatures alter hydrological patterns, the Aral Sea, once a vital resource, continues to shrink, devastating local ecosystems and communities dependent on its waters (Mirzabaev A et al., 2025). Additionally, increased temperature variability impacts agricultural yields, threatening food security as crop selection becomes increasingly limited due to soil degradation and desertification (Komilova N et al., 2025). The consequences extend to public health, where worsening air quality linked to industrialization and urban sprawl heightens rates of respiratory diseases, reflecting a growing burden on Uzbekistan's healthcare systems (Chalise K, 2025). Furthermore, the loss of biodiversity, particularly in fragile steppe ecosystems, signals an urgent need for integrated conservation practices that can foster resilience while supporting socio-economic development (Zharas G Berdenov et al., 2025). Addressing these interconnected challenges is critical for shaping a sustainable future for Uzbekistan, aligning with its rich historical legacy as a center of innovation along the Great Silk Road.

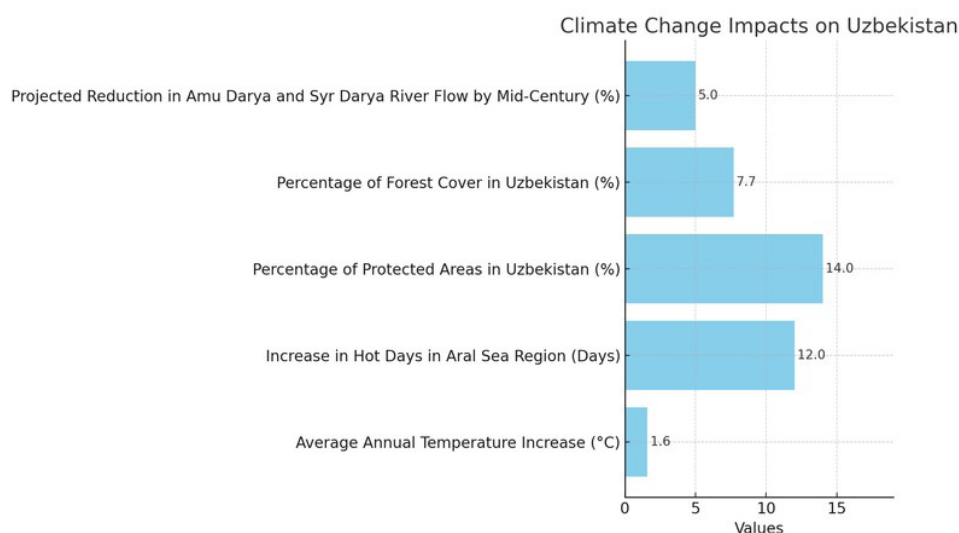


Figure 2. The bar chart illustrates the impacts of climate change on Uzbekistan's natural resources. It shows an increase in average annual temperatures, more hot days in the Aral Sea region, the percentage of protected areas, limited forest cover, and projected reductions in river flow by mid-century. The data highlights the urgent need for environmental action and awareness.³

² Developed by the author

³ Developed by the author

ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATION

As Uzbekistan transitions towards a sustainable future, its implementation of green innovation initiatives plays a pivotal role in reshaping both its economy and environmental policies. This transformation is underscored by the nations commitment to harnessing renewable energy sources, such as solar and wind, to reduce reliance on fossil fuels. Additionally, the integration of advanced agricultural techniques aims to optimize water usage, significantly benefiting a region historically strained by water scarcity. Notably, initiatives that promote eco-tourism are also emerging, leveraging Uzbekistans rich cultural heritage while fostering environmental conservation. As seen in the governments strategic framework, these endeavors align with broader regional trends, as illustrated by Chinas Belt and Road Initiative, which encourages sustainable infrastructure development in participating countries (Michele B et al., 2025)(BERLOTO et al., 2025).

In recent years, Uzbekistan has undertaken ambitious government policies aimed at promoting renewable energy and sustainable practices, recognizing the urgent need to transition away from fossil fuels. This initiative is reflected in the broader context of the countrys historical commitment to diversifying its economy, a move reminiscent of the Silk Roads role in facilitating trade and innovation across various cultures. By investing in solar and wind energy projects, the government seeks to harness the nation's natural resource potential while aiming to reduce greenhouse gas emissions. The integration of such renewable practices into the economic framework aligns with global sustainability goals, as evidenced by recent studies indicating the positive impact of sustainable tourism in the region (Pratt et al., 2025).

As Uzbekistan navigates its path towards a sustainable future, several case studies exemplify successful green technology projects that not only contribute to environmental preservation but also promote economic resilience. Notable initiatives include the use of solar energy systems in rural areas, which have significantly reduced dependency on fossil fuels while enhancing energy accessibility for local communities. Additionally, the government has increasingly invested in waste recycling programs, which have proven effective in managing urban waste and promoting circular economy principles. These projects reflect a broader commitment to integrate green innovations into national policies and development strategies. Moreover, the collaborative efforts underscored in various regional partnerships illustrate how Uzbekistan positions itself within a global framework of sustainable practices, aligning with international goals for environmental stewardship, as highlighted in the recent analyses of infrastructure-led urbanization in Central Asia. The emergence of these technologies signals a transformative approach rooted in Uzbekistans historical legacy, reshaping its cultural and ecological identity.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, Uzbekistan stands at a pivotal moment where its rich historical legacy as a central hub of the Great Silk Road intersects with an urgent need for sustainable innovation. This duality creates an opportunity for the country to redefine its global role through green technologies and policies that address contemporary environmental challenges. The Belt and Road Initiative exemplifies how international partnerships can facilitate such transitions, revealing the intricate balance between economic growth and ecological responsibility (Michele B et al., 2025). As Uzbekistan embraces its potential as a leader in sustainable practices, it must also draw on the lessons from its past, particularly in cultural and political realms, to foster community resilience and national cohesion (HASSANI LMI et al., 2025)(Lo et al., 2025). Ultimately, the vision for a sustainable future can only be realized through collaborative efforts that honor its historical significance while paving the way for advancements that benefit both the nation and the planet (BERLOTO et al., 2025).

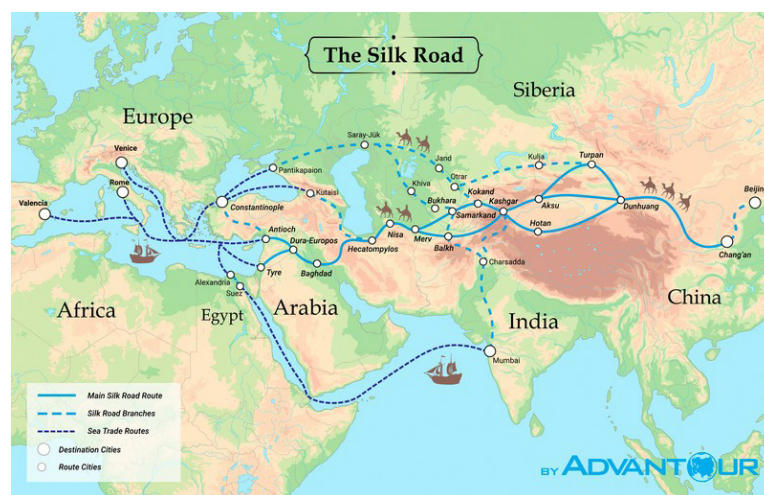


Image1. Map of the Silk Road highlighting major trade routes and cities.⁴

As Uzbekistan seeks to establish itself as a regional leader in sustainable development, its unique historical and geographical context presents both opportunities and challenges. Emulating the trade interactions of the ancient Silk Road, Uzbekistan is well-placed to implement sustainable innovations that promote not only economic growth but also environmental stewardship. Policies aimed at leveraging renewable resources and fostering regional collaboration will be crucial in this endeavor. For instance, Uzbekistan's efforts to develop a sustainable agricultural sector—notably through the utilization of water resources and soil management practices—are essential for addressing ecological concerns in Central Asia, where environmental degradation poses significant risks. Additionally, advancements in digital infrastructure, highlighted by projects in the digital Silk Road initiative, can facilitate knowledge exchange and economic cooperation across borders, further underpinning regional sustainability efforts. Collectively, these initiatives position Uzbekistan as a pivotal player in steering Central Asia toward a sustainable future, thus reinforcing its central role (BERLOTO et al., 2025)(Lo et al., 2025)(Machavariani et al., 2025)(Kabylova et al., 2025).

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